

Supporting Information

A Synergistic Na-Mn-O Composite Cathodes for High-Capacity Na-Ion Storage

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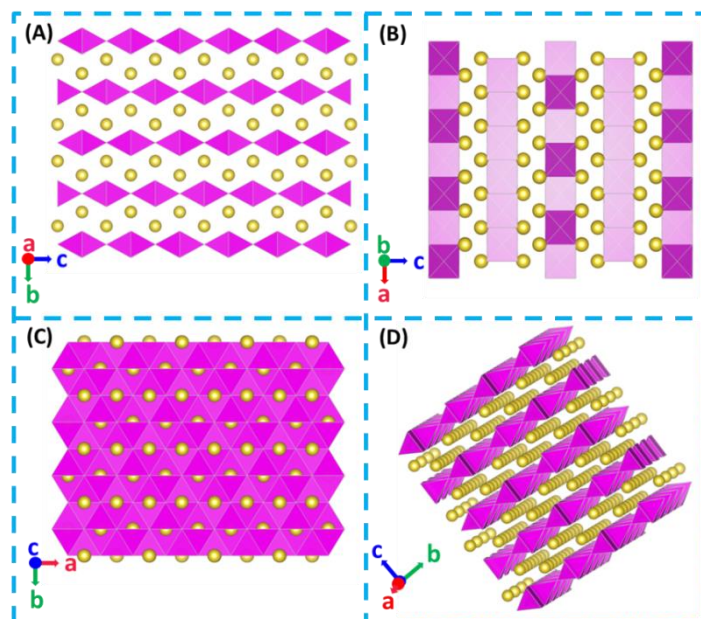


Figure S1. The crystal structure of orthorhombic $\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5$.

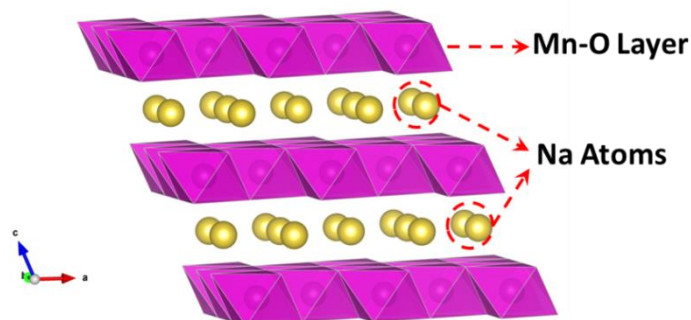


Figure S2. The crystal structure of layered $\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$.

Table S1. The relation table of the Na:Mn ratio in initial state and final product.

Ratio of precursor	Na:Mn in	Ratio of Na:Mn in final products	Ratio of $\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5$: $\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$
6:2		2.91:2.00	0.58:0.42
4:2		2.54:2.00	0.44:0.56
2:2		2.42:2.00	0.39:0.61

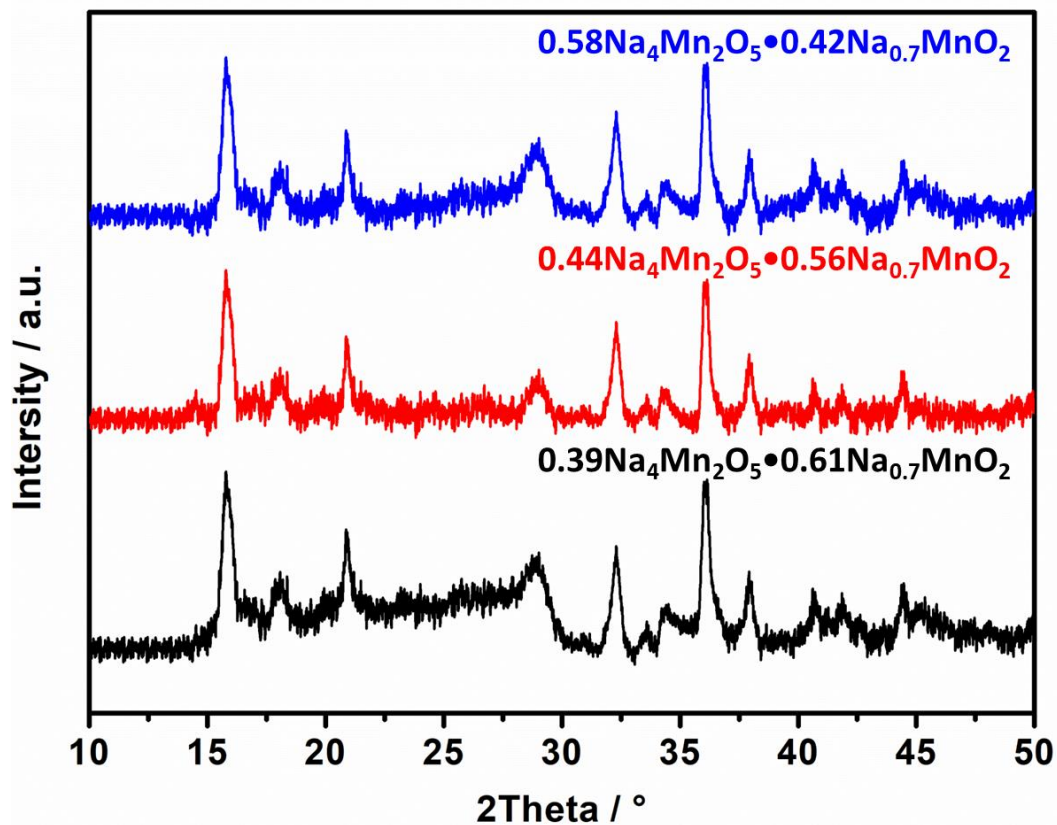


Figure S3. XRD patterns of the $0.58\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.42\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$, $0.44\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.56\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$ and $0.39\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.61\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$, respectively.

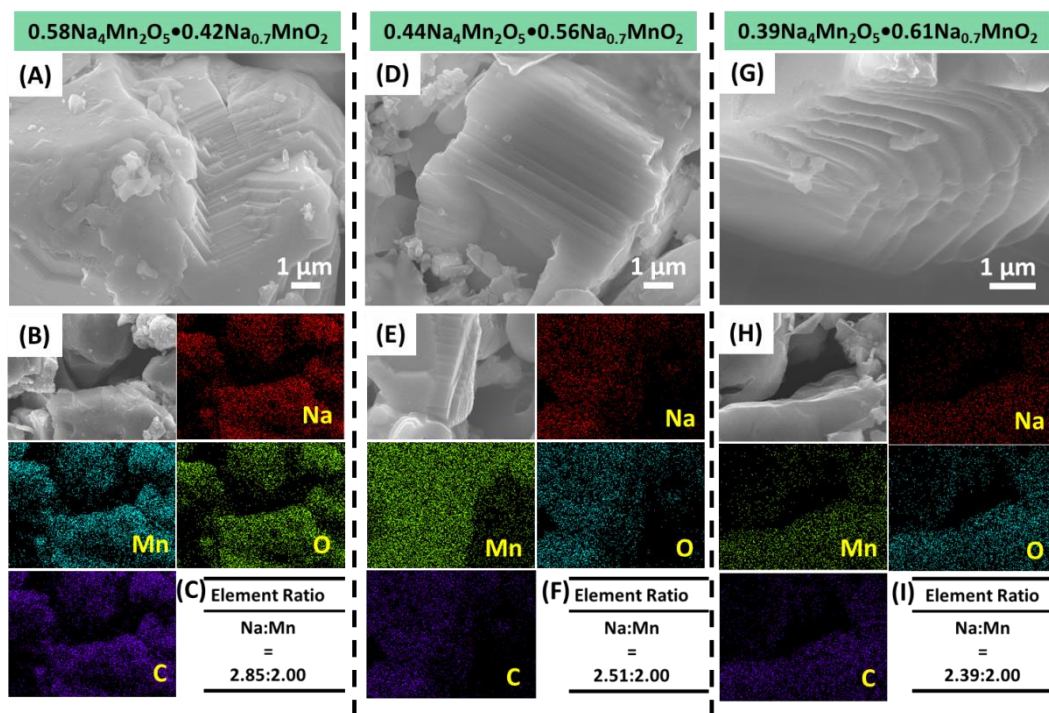


Figure S4. The SEM(A), EDS(B) and Na:Mn ratio (C) of $0.58\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.42\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$. The SEM(D), EDS(E) and Na:Mn ratio (F) of $0.44\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.56\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$. The SEM(G), EDS(H) and Na:Mn ratio (I) of $0.39\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.61\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$.

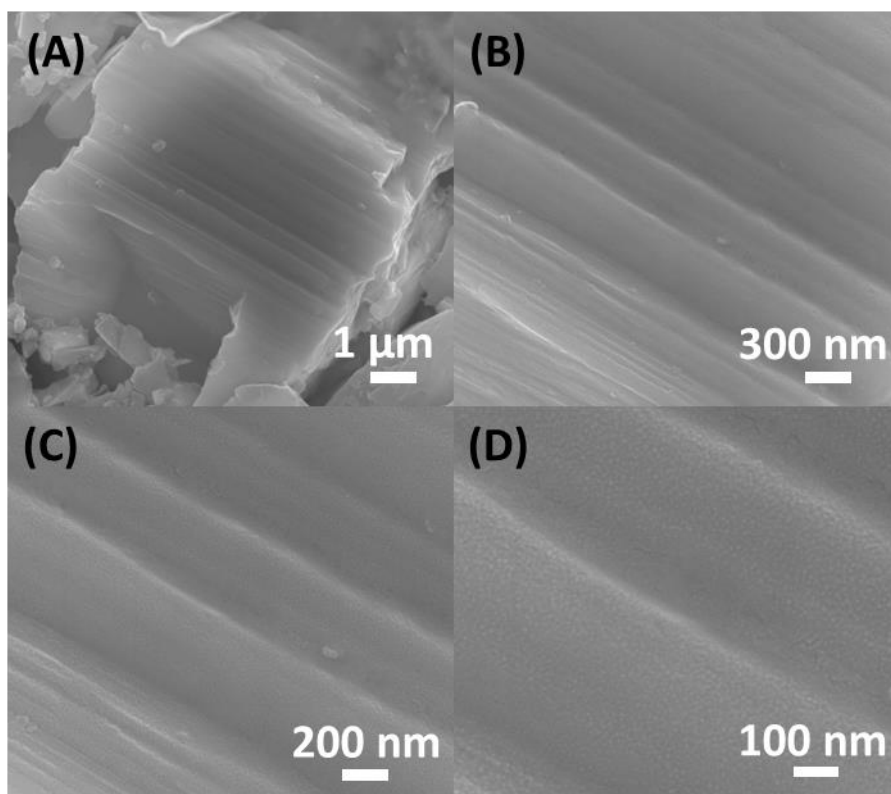


Figure S5. SEM images of the $0.44\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.56\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$.

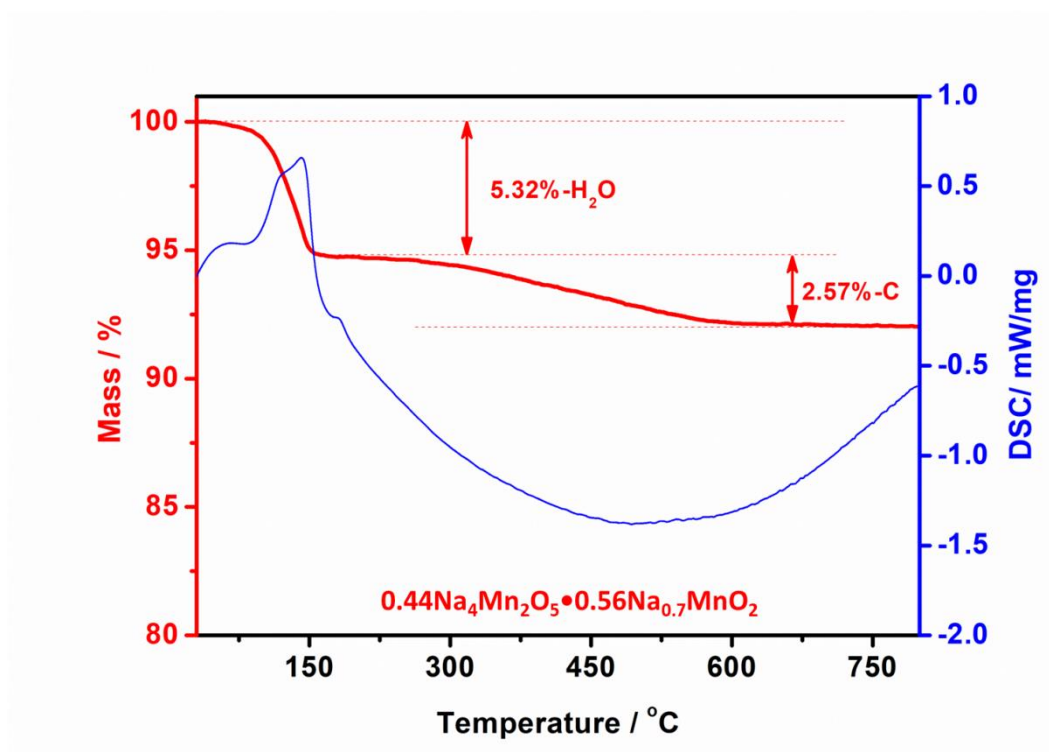


Figure S6. TG curves of the $0.44\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.56\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$.

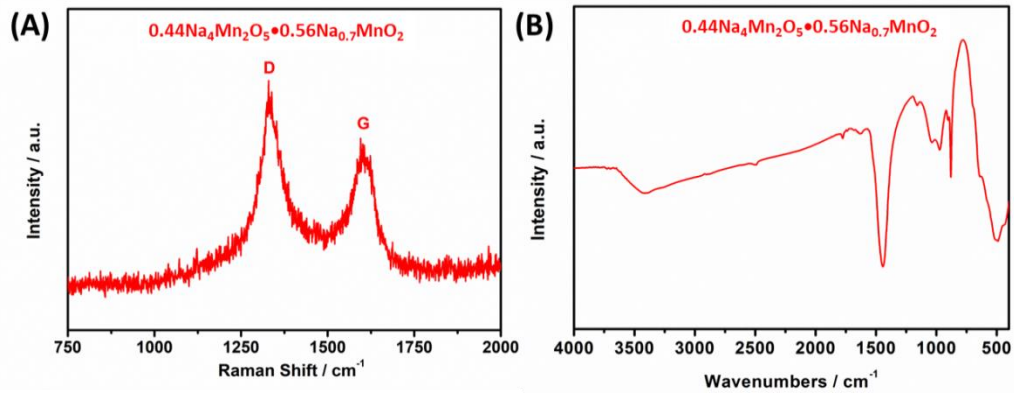


Figure S7. Raman spectra (A) and FT-IR (B) of the $0.44\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.56\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$.

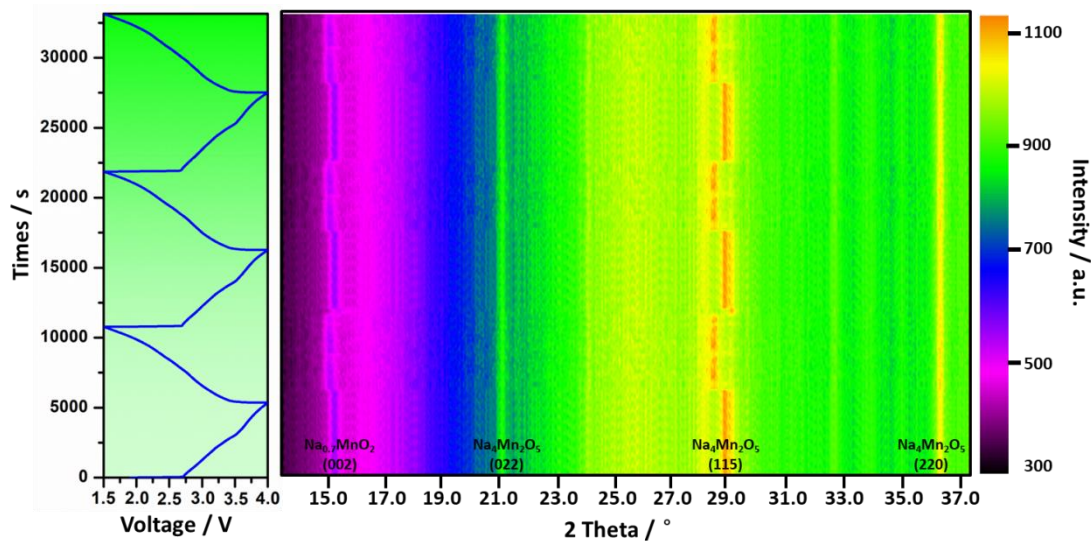


Figure S8. *In-situ* XRD patterns of $0.44\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.56\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$ during galvanostatic charge/discharge at 150 mA g^{-1} . The image plot of the XRD patterns at $13.5\text{--}37.2^\circ$ during the first three cycles.

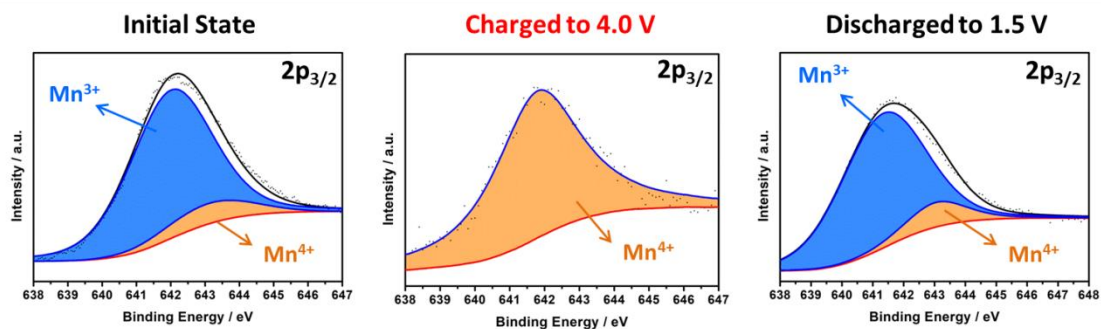


Figure S9. Charge/discharge curves of the $0.44\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.56\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$ at different current densities.

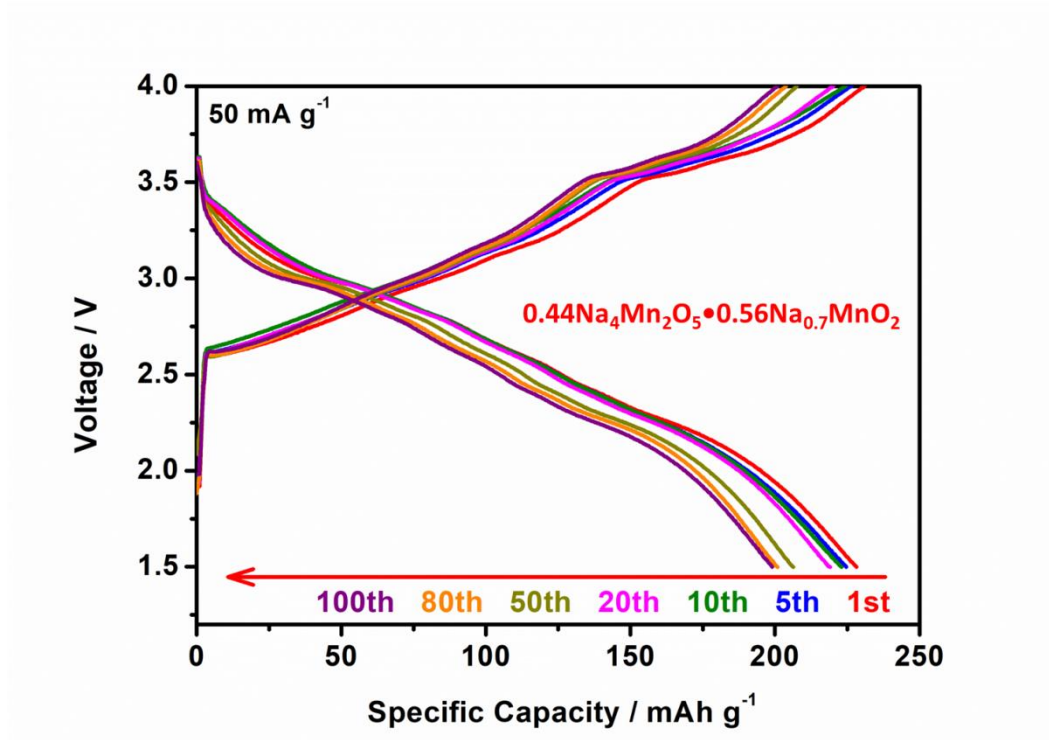


Figure S10. Charge/discharge curves of the $0.44\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.56\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$ at different cycles.

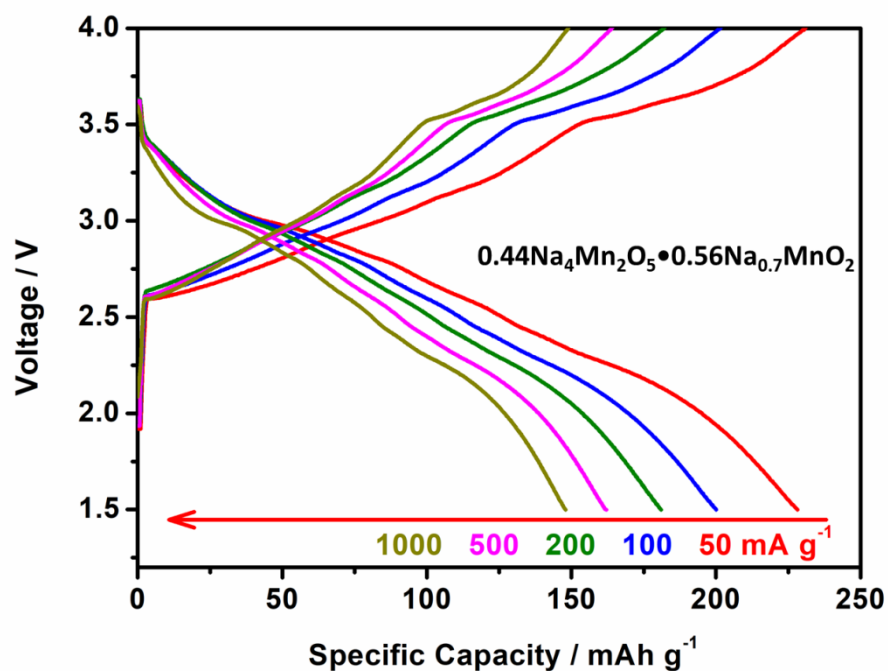


Figure S11. Charge/discharge curves of the $0.44\text{Na}_4\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_5 \cdot 0.56\text{Na}_{0.7}\text{MnO}_2$ at different current densities.

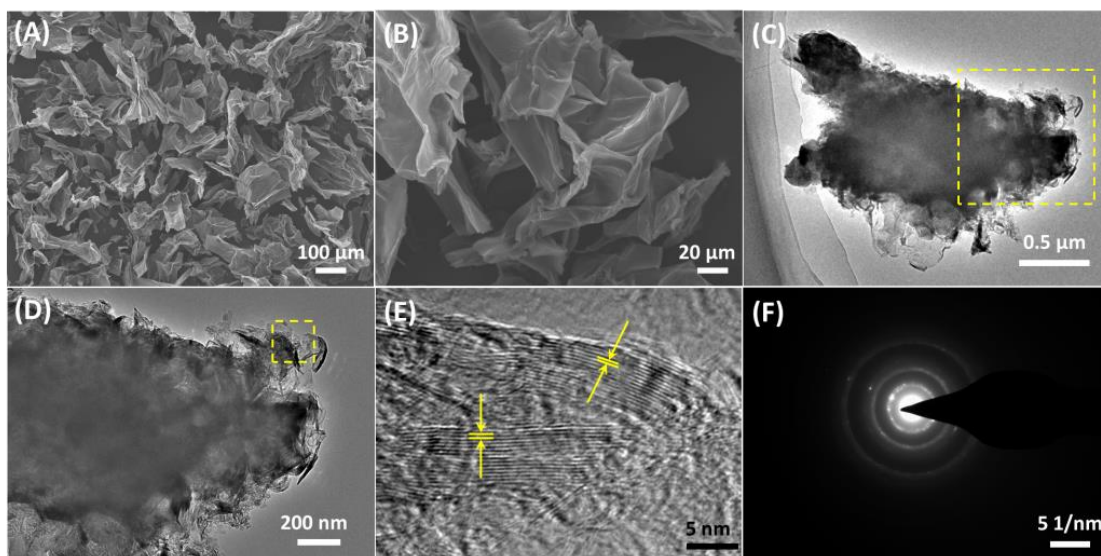


Figure S12. SEM images (A, B), TEM images (C, D), HR-TEM image (E) and SAED (F) of the hard carbon sintering at 1200 °C.

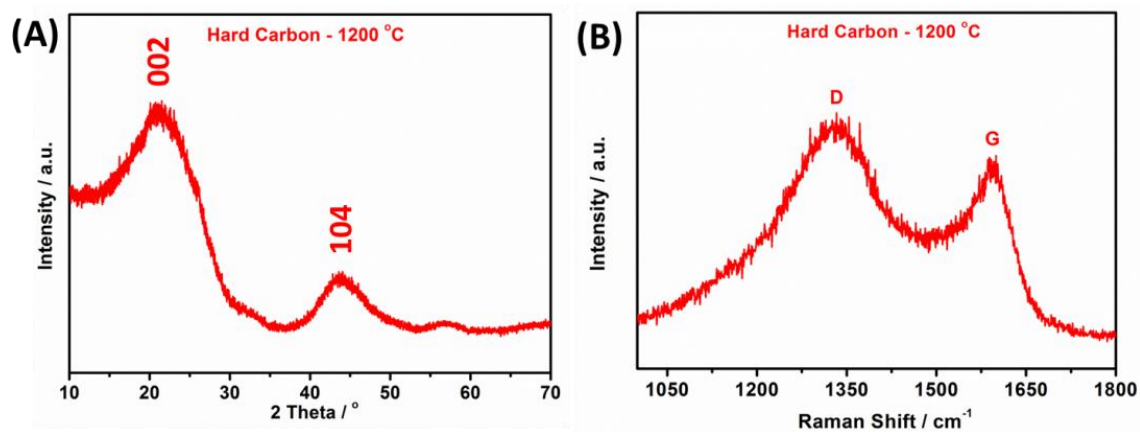


Figure S13. XRD spectrum (A) and Raman spectra (B) of the hard carbon sintering at 1200 °C.

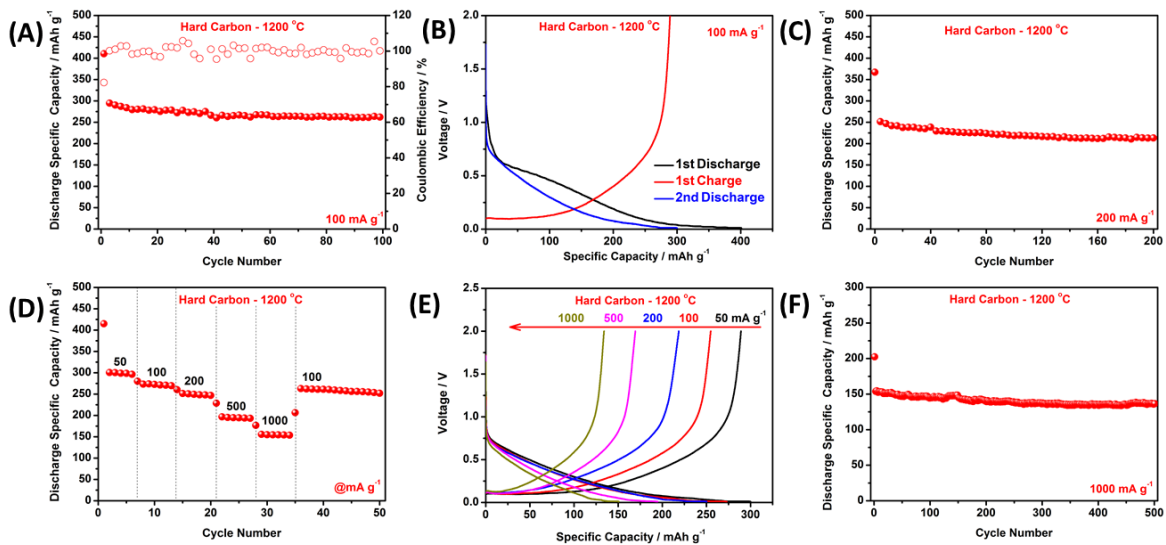


Figure S14. Characterization of electrochemical performance for hard carbon sintering at 1200 °C in NIBs. (A) Cyclic performance tested at 100 mA g⁻¹. (B) Charge/discharge curves tested at 100 mA g⁻¹. (C) Cycling performance measured at 200 mA g⁻¹. (D) Rate performance. (E) Charge/discharge curves tested different current densities. (F) Long-life cycling performance measured at 1000 mA g⁻¹.

Table S2. Comparison of the electrochemical performance of manganese-based cathode materials in LIBs and NIBs.

	Materials	Current Density (mA g ⁻¹)	Initial Capacity (mAh g ⁻¹)	Cycle Numbers	Capacity Retention	References
1	0.44Na₄Mn₂O₅•0.56Na_{0.7}MnO₂/Na Half Cells	50	228	100	87%	Our work
		100	208	400	89%	
		1000	157	500	90%	
	0.44Na₄Mn₂O₅•0.56Na_{0.7}MnO₂/Hard Carbon Full Cells	50	151	100	86%	
		500	101	200	84%	
2	Li₄Mn₂O₅-LIBs	24.6	355	8	69%	[23]
3	Na_{0.6}(Li_{0.2}Mn_{0.8})O₂-NIBs	15	120	50	118%	[9]
4	Na_{0.66}Li_{0.18}Mn_{0.71}Ni_{0.21}Co_{0.08}O_{2+δ}-NIBs	50	150	150	75%	[24]
5	Na_{0.61}[Mn_{0.27}Fe_{0.34}Ti_{0.39}]O₂-NIBs	88	71	100	90%	[34]
6	β-NaMnO₂-NIBs	10	187	100	65%	[8]
7	Na_{0.7}Fe_{0.5}Mn_{0.5}O₂-NIBs	13	190	30	78%	[14]
8	K_{0.7}Fe_{0.5}Mn_{0.5}O₂-NIBs	100	181	100	93%	[19]
9	Na[Ni_{0.58}Co_{0.06}Mn_{0.36}]O₂-NIBs	75	140.9	300	86%	[26]